

# Introduction to Advocacy

Foundational Principles, Steps, and Tactics



## Rights-Based Approach:

The Foundation of Advocacy

### Rights-Based Approach

Every person is endowed with a host of rights.

- Universal human rights: Based on dignity of every person and agreed to in international declarations and treaties
- National rights: Based on a country's constitution
- Community rights: Based on more local or institutional policies and laws agreed to by the community

#### Human Rights Framework



**UDHR:** Universal Declaration of Human

Rights

**HRC:** Human Rights Council

ICCPR: International Convention on Civil &

Political Rights

**ICESCR:** International Convention on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights

**CEDAW:** Convention on the Elimination of

Discrimination Against Women

**CAT:** Convention Against Torture

**CMW:** Convention on the Rights of Migrant Workers & their Families

**CRPD**: Convention on the Rights of Persons

with Disabilities

**CRC:** Convention on the Rights of Children

**CERD:** Convention on the Elimination of

Racial Discrimination

### **Human Rights**

Every person is endowed with a host of rights, which they hold regardless of:

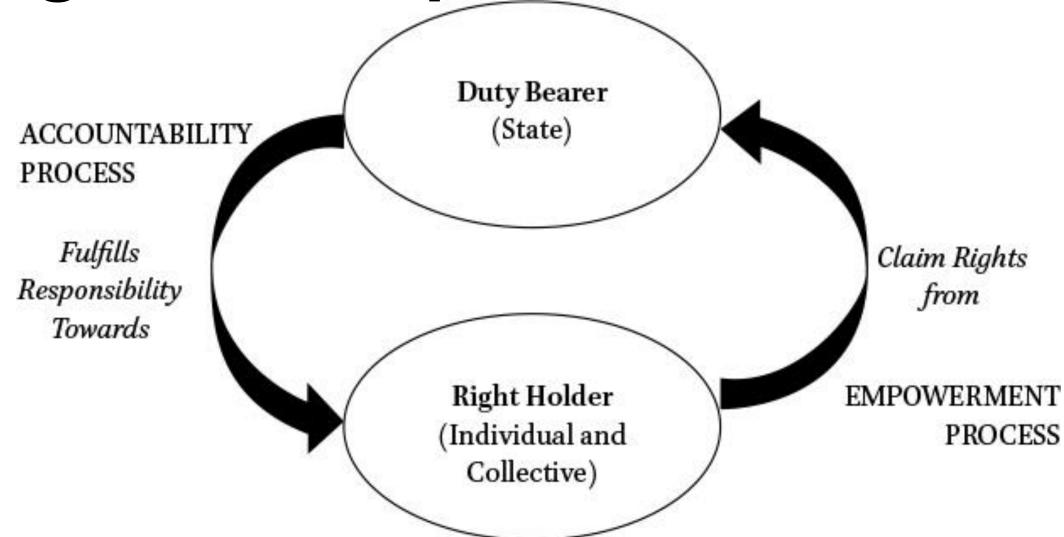
- Where they are born
- Where they may have moved to
- What political system their country employs
- Any individual characteristics (gender, race, language, wealth, education level...)

### Human Rights

#### A sampling:

- Life, liberty, and security of person
- Equal treatment and protection
- Fair, public trial if accused of a crime
- Nationality
- Property ownership
- Privacy in personal affairs
- Assembly in associations, societies, or unions
- Employment with fair wages and safe working conditions
- Sufficient food, clothing, housing, (water) to live in dignity
- Education

Rights & Responsibilities



#### Duty-Bearers' Responsibilities

Respect



Refrain from interfering with the enjoyment of the right

**Protect** 



Prevent others from interfering with the enjoyment of the right

**Fulfil** 



Adopt appropriate measures towards full realisation of the right

#### Rights-Holders' Responsibilities

Hold duty-bearers accountable through a participation process we call...

Advocacy!



# Steps of an Advocacy Campaign

#### Steps of an Advocacy Campaign

- **Step 1)** Identify the issue, root causes and evidence base
- **Step 2)** Establish campaign goal(s) and objective(s)
- **Step 3)** Identify key decision makers and those with influence over issue & root cause
- **Step 4)** Identify team's assets (gifts, skills, and important relationships) and needs
- Step 5) Identify potential partners and opposition
- **Step 6)** Select tactics
- **Step 7)** Form small teams to oversee various campaign roles
- **Step 8)** Craft messages (and cater to audience and tactics)
- Step 9) Enact & document selected tactics
- **Step 10)** Measure progress and return to step 6 to adjust tactics (or step 2 to change target) as needed



## Advocacy Tactics

A sampling

#### Common tactics:

- Letter writing: sending detailed written observations and recommendations about an unjust policy or practice to leaders and decision-makers
- Petitioning: collection of signatures endorsing a message to be submitted to leaders to demonstrate widespread support for an idea
- Personal phone calls to, or meetings with, leaders and decision-makers
- Art & entertainment: raising awareness of an issue through creative display or performance that draws attention of a crowd
- Direct action: putting one's body on the line to stop an injustice in progress (e.g. stopping someone bulldozing a tree or stopping the functioning of a workplace through a strike)
- Marches & rallies: gathering in public to display a high level of grassroots support for a particular cause or sentiment
- Ballot box: utilizing whatever voting privileges one has to support political leaders who uphold rights; producing voting guides to educate voters about issues on a ballot
- Digital campaigns: using social media, WhatsApp groups, websites, and other digital means to raise awareness of an injustice or creating a community of support for a change in policy or practice
- Research: gathering or generating data to help provide a community or its leaders with evidence of a problem or in support an effective solution
- Financial: intentionally refusing to buy products from or invest in businesses that are violating rights, harming the environment, or contributing to some type of injustice; participating in investor meetings to advise abolition of harmful corporate practices or policies
- Ministry integration: raising awareness of justice concerns in communities and gatherings we are already leading (e.g. classrooms, parishes, social service centers)